

EVENING BULLETIN.

MONDAY EVENING, DEC. 22, 1856.

THE HOME JOURNAL.—The Home Journal is about to enter upon a new volume. It is unnecessary to say one word in praise of this charming journal, but, upon so tempting an occasion, we cannot forego the pleasure of saying just one word. We wish simply to state a fact and its philosophy. The Home Journal is the pink and pet of our exchanges. Its fair typography gleams out from the towering pile of newspapers upon our table like a violet smiling modestly from a stone heap or a daisy peeping from a snow bank. It sheds a sort of glory through our office. We turn from the harsh companionship of politics to its gentle columns as a lover turns from the frowns of the world to the smiles and blandishments of his mistress. It is as full of charm and solace as music or poetry or both combined. It affects us like a burst of sunbeams amidst wintry shadows. And so it affects everybody else. Now why is this? Its motto—that wise and eloquent sentiment of Goethe: We should do our utmost to encourage the Beautiful, for the Useful encourages itself—explains the secret. The Home Journal encourages the Beautiful, and is therefore beautiful itself, for the beautiful is encouraged by example and not by precept. Here is the spell. It is thoroughly and essentially beautiful. The sense of the beautiful is its animating principle, shaping its rich and various matter into beautiful forms, and grouping the whole in harmony with the “indwelling spirit.” All perceive that the Home Journal is beautiful in its parts, but all may not perceive that it is more beautiful in its totality. Yet it is. Though unrivaled in variety and felicity of detail, it is still a unit, and as such expresses the beautiful in augmented richness and force. It is really the most artistic of journals. Its mere arrangement is an exquisite study. It is a beautiful every-day life poem, of which its score of departments are so many beautiful stanzas. It is altogether the highest and most complete expression of the beautiful to which journalism in either hemisphere has attained. It is worthy of the genius and genial accomplishments of its poet-editors. No wonder that it is our and everybody else's pink and pet of newspapers. May it live as long as the Apollo.

STANDARD EPISCOPAL SERMONS.—A valuable series of books is in course of publication by Hermann Hooker of Philadelphia. He designs to publish a series of volumes, of uniform and convenient size, containing selected sermons from the most distinguished divines of the Episcopal Church in the United States. Each volume will comprise the sermons of a single preacher, to be selected by himself from the whole body of his parochial teaching. Each, therefore, will contain the best thoughts of the best minds in the Episcopal Church of this country. The learning, wisdom, and eloquence which are enjoyed now by a few favored congregations will thus become common property.

The importance of this enterprise is very apparent. The sermons of the old divines are not accessible except in very expensive editions; and, even if they were, their style is so unsuited to modern readers, and many of their topics are so foreign to the wants and exigencies of the present, that they are no longer adapted to popular use. The sermons of eminent living divines reflect the very body of the time.

The three volumes already published are filled with excellent sermons written in the most attractive style. The first is by Arthur Cleveland Cox of Baltimore, whose Christian Ballads have given him a high reputation in Europe, and which contain some of the sublimest religious lyrical poetry in the language. The second volume is by Dr. Alexander Vinton, the profound philosophic preacher of Boston. The third is by Dr. Robert Hallam, of Connecticut, practical, quaint, and full of originality. These works, though printed and bound uniformly, are not numbered as consecutive volumes, and are sold separately. They would be appropriate Christmas presents.

For sale at Ringgold's.

Divorces are greatly in vogue in Western Pennsylvania. About every man who has a scolding wife, and about every woman whose husband is ungenial in temper, claims the right of separation and the privilege to marry again. Judge McClure, of the Common Pleas Court, in Pittsburgh, in dismissing some applications for divorces last week, said that there were about two applications to him a week for divorces, and that in most of the cases the parties pay no more regard to the solemnity of the marriage contract than to the purchase of an old wheelbarrow. If men married sharp-tongued women they would have to put up with them as best they could. He would not divorce a man because his wife was a scold. Look out, youngsters, and never marry a scold—or, if you are married, never give your wife a cause to scold.

DEATH OF DR. PUSEY.—The recent arrivals from Europe bring the intelligence of the death of Dr. Pusey, the most famous theological writer of the present century. He was the originator of the Puseyite or High Church party in the Church of England, and, though his early associate, Dr. Newman, and a vast number of his disciples, have gone over to Papacy, Doctor Pusey remained in the English Church. It is a little more than twenty years since he first created an excitement in the theological world by the publication of the Oxford Tracts, in which he maintained the theory of Church worship based upon the Apostolical succession, and attributed an efficacy to the ritual of the Church of England equal to that claimed by the Church of Rome.

NICARAGUA.—A despatch from New York states that an expedition is fitting out in this city for Nicaragua. Five hundred men have already enlisted. They will land at Omoa, Honduras, where they will proceed to join Walker. A Nicaragua symathy meeting is to be held in the Tabernacle in New York on Saturday night. The names of Gov. Price, of N. J., Ex-Gov. Smith, of Va., and Jones, of Tenn., and Senator Nash, Douglas, Mason, &c., are among those announced as speakers.

Destruction of Counterfeit Money.—Sheriff Clark, of Suffolk, has received from Charles B. Hall, Esq., Secretary of the Society for the Suppression of Counterfeit Money, and commenced the destruction thereof, in conformity with the law, a large amount of counterfeit bills, coin, plates, and moulds. The whole amount was nearly \$50,000. About \$10,000 consisted of bills on the Potomac Bank of Georgetown, which institution never existed. The rest of the bills were mostly counterfeits of various New England banks. There were about thirty-one steel and copper plates engraved for bank notes, and some \$200 in counterfeit coin, consisting of quarter, half, and whole dollars, Spanish milled dollars, gold dollars, and half and quarter eagles; also three planter moulds for the casting of coin.—*Boston Times*.

ca—The correspondent of the New York Tribune says: Thirty-two of the slaves arrested at Alexandria, Virginia, on Sunday morning last, on a charge of insurrection, have been fined and whipped on the bare back, fifteen lashes each, for assembling at a ball. Not the slightest testimony has been found against any one of them that they intended to create an insurrection.

The whites are armed and constantly on the watch, though it is asserted that there is no real cause to fear an insurrection.

CHINESE SUGAR CANE IN GEORGIA.—The prospects of extensive modification in the sugar culture of this country through the introduction of the Chinese Cane, grow more probable daily. Judge De Lyon has sent a specimen raised by himself at Har-Track, near Savannah, Georgia, to the editor of the Savannah Georgian, accompanied by an expression of his determination to go largely into the business of his cultivation.

TENEMENT HOUSES.—Twenty-five hundred houses are being built in Paris for the working classes. They are to be in groups of fifty, each group forming a square, with an open space in the centre. Each house to accommodate six families, at a rent of about \$25 each. Each group is to have a public bake-shop and bathing establishment.

ca—A Philadelphian letter says:

With each day's progress of the contested election trial, the disclosure assume a darker hue. Yesterday a large number of friends were established point blank, and were compelled to give their votes, and even those who had not got a vote, and violence threatened to such of the election officers as challenged the voters or compelled to deposit the ballots. A custom-house officer was also proved to have stood by and witnessed these transactions, and participated in them inude against a judge of election who pronounced a vote fraudulent.

THE LATE EARTHQUAKE IN THE MEDITERRANEAN.—Letters from Rhodes of the 31st of October state that ever since the 12th of October slight shocks of earthquake have been constantly experienced at that island, causing great fear among the inhabitants.

Accounts from Canea, of the 27th ult., in the Portofoglio Maltese give further particulars of the frightful effects of the late earthquake in Candia. The official returns have been published. Of about 4,000 houses only nine remain uninjured. The deaths in the town number 600, and in the country more than 1,600. The number of wounded is not stated. The village of Ajo Miro was completely destroyed; of 200 inhabitants 50 were killed. The Turkish Government have caused to be erected 2,000 tents outside the city, and Mr. Woodward, English engineer, has been sent to construct huts for those who have been deprived of shelter. There was, however, a great want of wood. It is said that Mr. Woodward will be desired to draw out a design for the new town, which will be built according to European ideas. The details of the catastrophe are very distressing. In one case a woman was discovered alive under the fallen ruins. She had been miraculously preserved by a beam falling in such a manner as to leave a small space, where she remained eight days without food before being discovered. During this time she gave birth to a child, which was also alive.

Another woman was being delivered when the earthquake commenced. The husband and three women who were attending her fled. On the husband returning after the panic was over, on removing the ruins of his house, he found his wife, with her child in her arms, alive in a corner of one of the rooms, which had only partly fallen in. During the awful moment she had been safely delivered. Some of the scenes are described as having been most tragical; fathers and mothers, in death or grievously wounded, clinging to their offspring, were discovered among the fallen ruins, and other scenes of domestic affection of the most heart-rending description presented themselves on the removal of the rubbish. The difficulty of properly interring the dead, from which already the most obnoxious misfortune has arisen, has occasioned some fears that disease may be added to the cup of affliction of this unhappy country.

Malta has, ever since the earthquake, been deluged by rain. According to the Malta Times, 21 inches of rain had fallen from October 17 to November 16, and prayers for fine weather are being offered up daily in all the Roman Catholic churches of the island.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE—A Child Killed in the arms of its Mother.—A heart-rending occurrence took place in Stockport, Columbia county, N. Y., in which a child was killed while in the arms of its mother, and by her sister. Mrs. Dieckerman was sitting in a room with her child, a boy of about two years of age, upon her lap, engaged in dressing it, while at the same time her sister, a Miss Platner, was cutting the wick of a candle with a pair of scissors. The sisters were engaged in an angry conversation, when Miss Platner, in a fit of rage, threw the scissors at her sister with great force, the point striking the child upon his breast, penetrating to the heart. The innocent little one exclaimed, “Oh, mother! mother!” and immediately expired. Mrs. Dieckerman did not see her sister throw the scissors, and was not conscious of what had been done until she saw the instrument of death planted in his breast. A coroner's jury was called, who, after a full investigation of the affair, rendered a verdict in accordance with the above facts. Miss Platner is now confined in the Hudson jail to await the action of the grand jury.—*Albany Eve. Jour.*, Dec. 18th.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 16.

This is the age of speculation, beyond doubt, and it has grown almost into a proverb, that all those busy deuizens on 'Change, cycloped merchants and brokers, don't know, is not worth knowing. This, however, is a mistake. I doubt if there is not one article of speculative traffic which has escaped their lynx-eyed vigilance—defunct paupers. Let them own up promptly. The “article” is new in the market. And yet it is gravely charged here that a member of our “board of guardians” is engaged in the business. Yes, actually engaged in speculating in dead paupers! Only think of it.

A morning paper in the City of Brotherly Love adds its testimony to the unshaped rumors, and says “the member” of the Board first proposed to that body to supply a heavy demand for anatomical purposes which at present rules, but, failing there, entered into the scheme himself. The *modus operandi* is this: Chests have been prepared at the almshouse, large enough to hold a corpse, which are frequently observed to pass backwards and forwards. Their contents are not positively stated, but the “article” before alluded to, and which they are supposed to contain, is quoted at \$30 per head, maximum price! That's all.

HAVANA, Dec. 9.

A joint stock company is understood to have been formed at Havana for the purpose of extracting an oil from a species of soap-stone, said to be found in large quantities in a distant part of this island.

The African slave trade seems to prosper, despite all the efforts made to check it. Scarcely a week elapses that we do not hear of African slaves having been landed in some one or other ports of the Island.

Another contract is reported to have been entered into by a commercial house of this city, taking I know not how many thousands of Chinese from China to this Island.

Homicide.—Mr. Hancock and Mr. Costlow, both of Allentown, quarrelled one day last week. Costlow followed up Hancock, threatening to whip him, and the latter, having a rifle in his hand, told him that if he did not go back he would shoot him. Costlow still persisted in following, and Hancock fired, the ball taking instant in Costlow's abdomen, killing him almost instantly. He leaves a wife and family to mourn his loss.

Bowling Green Standard.

MARRIED.—At Charleston, Ind., on the 21st Inst., by Rev. R. Hammon, Mr. A. Hagan of Mt. and Mrs. Peter Talburt, of Louisville, Ky.

[From the Boston Times.]

THE SLAVER CASE ONCE AGAIN.—Yesterday afternoon, according to assignment, the examination of Joaquin Negret, who is charged with being concerned in the slave trade, was continued before United States Commissioner Charles L. Woodbury. The District Attorney stated that he felt inclined to abandon the present prosecution and take means to have the prisoner indicted for perjury; and, on his motion, the examination was further deferred to Saturday next, and Negret was remanded to jail.

Since the last examination we have been enabled to glean something like a straight story out of the statements made by Negret, and we are inclined to believe that it is nearer true than anything yet told. Negret says that he was in Havana, out of business, and Signs St. DeMena, brother of Phillippe St. DeMena, made him an offer; that he was to go to Boston and see Phillippe, and make certain arrangements in relation to business. If successful, he would receive his equal bonus; if not successful, he would be paid \$20 a month and found. He accepted the proposal and came to Boston, and, after having an interview with DeMena, they went to New York, where they completed certain arrangements.

Negret then went to Wilmington, N. C., where he joined the brig Watchman, Capt. Blanchard. They made sail up the river to a steam sawmill, where they took on board a deck load of lumber, and a small quantity in the hold as a nominal cargo. While there, Phillippe St. DeMena came, and in the night time brought on board the coppers, slave-shackles, and water-casks in shucks, which they hid away underneath the ballast. At that time she had four Americans or Englishmen and four Portuguese, DeMena and two more Portuguese came to complete the crew.

They then made sail for Laguna, when off Cape de Verds, the American captain relinquished his command to Negret. They then proceeded to Galloons, where they took on board 350 slaves, and landed them safely at the Isle of Pines, where Negret received his bonus of \$3,000. From the time they left Cape de Verds they hoisted Spanish colors, and changed the name of the vessel to that of “Buon Ano.” They then set sail for Barcelona, where they received a cargo of hides, and resuming their old name of “Watchman” and the first captain, returned to New York, where Negret left her. On being asked what became of the vessel afterwards, he answered, “I know not—gone back to Laguna, I suppose.”

Negret afterward went to Havana, and started on another voyage of the same kind in the “Tete.” Here he received on board a quantity of gold in kegs, to be used in the purchase of slaves. Before he started he received a letter from Phillippe St. DeMena, accompanied with a chart of a portion of our northeast coast. The letter proposed a new plan, which was that Negret was to abandon the African project, and bring the vessel to this coast and sink her. The chart designated a spot near Salem where the gold was to be buried. The intention was that Negret should arrive at about a certain time and DeMena would meet him at Pickering's Point. Negret did as he was directed, and, after wrecking the vessel, arrived at the point designated, and was met by DeMena, who had been on the watch for a week.

After Negret's arrest, by the Mayor of Salem, DeMena managed to “pull the wool” over the Mayor's eyes, by keeping him away from the Point, until after the supercargo and mate, who had accompanied Negret in the boat, had conveyed the gold in safety away.

In the last examination Negret said—“I do not mean this DeMena—there are other DeMenas in the world—I mean Francisco DeMena. This DeMena is entirely innocent. I only saw this man in Boston, when I was a shipwrecked mariner, and he extended to me a countryman's hospitality and assistance.”

When asked afterwards why he spoke of Francisco DeMena, he said: “Ah! that was all humbug, to send them a wool-gathering. If DeMena is discharged they will let me go, and then DeMena, who has the gold, will give me my share, and I shall be satisfied.”

The result, however, turned out differently than Negret had expected, and now he declares that DeMena has “done” him out of \$25,000, and that if ever they meet again there will be a fearful reckoning between them.

Shortly after this matter began to be talked of in the papers it was known that DeMena made a deposit in this city of \$20,000. Since that time he has closed up his business on Washington street, and left the city in a somewhat mysterious manner. Many people are of the belief that he is on his way to Havana. Be that as it may, one thing is certain, and that is, that slavedealing is clearly visible throughout the whole affair.

The Adriatic.—We are able to state on competent authority that the Collios steamship Adriatic will be ready for sea at a period within three or four weeks of this time. The delay has not arisen from any imperfection of the machinery as originally constructed; but from a disagreement between the builders and the inventor of a “cut-off.” The inventor established in a court of law the fact that his invention has been infringed upon in the construction of certain of the connections with the cylinders, and the builders were placed under the necessity of removing those parts or compensating the inventor.

They preferred the former course, and have now the work in progress.—*N. Y. Courier*.

A brother of the distinguished Edmund Burke was found in a reverie after listening to one of his most eloquent speeches in Parliament, and being asked the cause, replied, “I have been wondering how Ned has contrived to monopolize all the talents of the family; but then I remember, when we were at play he was always at work.”

Structures of old or recent date effectively cured in a few days by an operation which causes no pain. Where a stricture exists, general derangement of the whole constitution must ensue, a continuance of which will bring on a train of symptoms to be dreaded, and will undermine the constitution.

Persons abroad, by writing and stating their case, with a fee enclosed (post-paid), can have the medicine sent to their address, with necessary directions for using the same.

The strictest secrecy observed all cases. Office hours at the Dispensary from 9 o'clock in the morning until 9 in the evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

MOZART HALL.

The World-renowned

Keller Troupe,

CONSISTING OF

27 TALENTED ARTISTS,

NOW giving their classic entertainments at Wood's Theatre, Cincinnati, to overflowing houses, will have the honor of appearing before the citizens of Louisville, at Mozart Hall, on MORNINGS, at 22d, 23d, and 24th inst.

The stage has been enlarged so as to afford ample room for the display of their GRAND LIVING PICTURES and NATIONAL TABLEAUX, which are indescribably beautiful and impressive.

12d b&w

J. BIRNEY MARSHALL, Agent.

Theatre, 22d, 23d, and 24th inst., CHAS. MIDDLETON, aged 84 years.

DIED,

At his residence, in Larue county, on the 8th inst., CHAS. MIDDLETON, aged 84 years.

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12

A. J. MORRISON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

SADDLERY HARDWARE, AND MANUFACTURERS OF TRUNKS, HORSE COLLARS, BRIDLES, HARNESS, Engine, Steamboat, and Garden Hose,

&c., &c., &c.,

Main street, between Sixth and Seventh, above Louisville Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

THE above articles, and many others not enumerated, are of our own manufacture, made out of the very best materials, and in point of workmanship, elegance, and durability, will vie with any manufactured in the United States. Persons in want of a superior Trunk or beautiful finish are invited to inspect our stock before making their selection. Increased advantages offered to the trade, and peculiar inducements extended to cash purchasers.

June 9 d&h&w&bcwtf

A. J. MORRISON & CO.

BANKING HOUSE OF HUTCHINGS & CO.,

Corner of Main and Bullitt streets.

WE are receiving one per cent. Tennessee currency the following Five State Banks:

MERCHANTS' BANK, Nashville; do;
BANK OF NASHVILLE, do;
BANK OF THE UNION, do;
CITY BANK, do;
BANK OF COMMERCE, do;
TRADESMEN'S BANK, do;
BANK OF CHATTANOOGA, Chattanooga;
NORTHERN BANK TENN., Clarksville;
do b&f&c HUTCHINGS & CO.

GREAT CHANCE FOR LADIES TO BUY Jewelry, Watches, and Fancy Goods AT COST.

A large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches of all descriptions, hunting and open faced, diamond set, enamelled and plain cases.

CLOTH, Linen, and Velvet CAFTS for men's, boys', and children's wear, of every style, quality, and color, constantly in hand and for sale by

do g&h PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st.

Watches, Jewelry, and Fancy Goods.

J. R. ESTERLE,

No. 87 Fourth street.

HAVING taken this well known estab-

lishment, I hope to merit the patronage

of my former friends and customers. My

Department of Jewelry, Watches, Fancy

and Toilet articles has been well selected, and made of the

best materials.

I have also on hand the largest and best selection of

Extracts, Lubin's, Cologne, &c., as well as Hair Brushes,

Comb, &c.

Watch-making and repairing in all its branches attended to personally by myself.

old b J. R. ESTERLE.

TOY Tools, Planes, Saws, and small Chests of good work-

Tools, suitable for presents to boys, at

do j&b A. MCBRIDE'S.

CLOTH, Linen, and Velvet CAFTS for men's, boys', and

children's wear, of every style, quality, and color, con-

stantly in hand and for sale by

do g&h PRATHER, SMITH, & CO., 455 Main st.

GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS.

THREE GOLD MEDALS AWARDED

Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS, for super-

ior Piano-Fortes, exhibited by them at the

Mechanics' Association of Mass-

achusetts for 1858.

Gold Medal for the best Grand Piano.

Gold Medal for the best semi-Grand Piano.

Gold Medal for the best Parlor Grand Piano.

Silver Medal for the best Square Pianos.

Being the first-class premiums awarded over all competi-

CHICKERING & SONS have been awarded the highest

premiums in every instance where they have exhibited their Pianos, and have received 39 Gold and Silver Medals from the years 1825 to 1856, for superior workmanship in their art.

We have just received the following invoice, and will be

able to offer them at Boston prices in a few days:

No. 13,000 Rosewood 7-octave Parlor Grand;

No. 18,025 do do do;

No. 18,035 do do Louis XIV style;

No. 18,026 do do carved moldings;

No. 18,027 do do plain round corners;

No. 18,028 do do 63 octave;

No. 18,029 do do do;

These instruments, with our present assortment, will give

to purchasers the best opportunity for selecting their favor-

ite Piano ever offered in Louisville. Many of the above

being Premium instruments to others, to purchase will

do well to wait and examine the same before writing.

BRADFIELD BROTHERS,

Sole dealers in Chickering's Pianos,

71 Fourth street, under National Hotel,

Louisville, Ky.

FLETCHER & BENNETT,

NO. 46 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth,

both sides, a splendid assortment of Gold and

Silver Watches, the best makes, and at

reduced prices.

A large assortment of the above makes of Gold Pencils, also

a good article of Gold Pencils in gold silver cases, at 50c each,

on hand and for sale by

do d&w&kb FLETCHER & BENNETT,

GOLD PENS—

Fife's Patent Oblique Gold Pens;

Rapp's Patent Scientific Niche Gold Pens;

W. & H. Parker's Patent Gold Pens;

A large assortment of the above makes of Gold Pencils, also

a good article of Gold Pencils in gold silver cases, at 50c each,

on hand and for sale by

do d&w&kb FLETCHER & BENNETT,

NEW JEWELRY—Just received, a splendid assortment of

the latest and most fashionable styles. Please call and examine at

46 Main street, between Fourth and Fifth.

FLETCHER & BENNETT,

46 Main street.

SILVERWARE—We have now on hand a

splendid stock of Silverware, consisting of Tea Sets,

Pitcher, Goblets, Cups, Butter Coolers, Waiters,

Casiers, Spoons, Forks, Ladies, Fruit Knives, Pie

Knives, Salt-Cellar, Ice Tongs, Crumb Scrapers, Nut

Pick, &c., all of which we warrant pure silver, and at the

lowest prices.

FLETCHER & BENNETT,

46 Main street.

EVENING DRESS GOODS,

SILKS, EMBROIDERIES,

And other desirable Dry Goods,

With a good assortment of

Carpets, Oil-Cloths, Curtain Materials,

&c., &c.,

YET UNSOLD AND IN STORE.

BENT & DUVALL.

WE have yet in store a very good assortment of the

above-mentioned goods, which we shall continue to

offer AT COST and LESS THAN COST for DEPRECIATION.

THE BENT & DUVALL CO. will be glad to examine

any of the above goods, would do well to examine

our remaining stock.

BENT & DUVALL,

637 Main st., between Second and Third.

COAL! COAL!

THE subscriber, thankful for the business heretofore ex-

tended to him by his friends and the public generally,

respectfully informs them that he has just opened a COAL

YARD and COAL STORE on the corner of Fifth and Green street,

where his office and warehouse, and the public generally

will still be able to supply his friends and the public

for the last twenty years, and would recommend his successors

as being worthy of their patronage.

Respectfully,

W. H. WALKER.

Having purchased from W. H. Walker the above popu-

lar establishment, we solicit a share of that patronage

so liberally extended to our predecessor. We will conduct

the business in its original liberal style and elegance, under

the firm of

JOHN C. GAWEIN & CO.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

THE subscriber, thankful for the patronage extended to

him by his friends and the public generally, respectfully

informs them that he has just opened a COAL YARD

and OFFICE, on the corner of

Fourth and Fifth Streets, where he is prepared to fill all orders for Pomeroy and

Pittsburg Coal at the lowest market price.

OFFICE—On the west side of Third street, between Market and Jefferson, and Fulton, between Preston and

Floyd streets. (d13) JOS. ROBB.

JOHN H. HOWE,

SIGN, HOUSE, AND FANCY PAINTING, IMITATOR

OF all kinds of Wood and Marble. Mixed Paint-

ing, Putty, &c., for sale.

Terms made to suit customers both as to rates and times

of payment.

NO. 312 Green street, first door east of Fourth,

Louisville, Ky. (29) b&f

French Embroideries—Real Laces.

THE subscriber has on hand a complete and elegant

stock of French Embroidered Collars;

do do Sets;

do do Bands, &c., &c.

Real Lace Collars;

do do Borders;

Real Laces of all kinds, very cheap for cash.

AT COST.

Embroideed Lace and Muslin Curtains; French Flan-

nel, &c., &c., &c.,

do d&f&c JOHN C. RAUCHFUSS.

To my Customers.

In consequence of the late fire on the 1st inst.

by which my store-house and a greater part of my

stock were burned, I was compelled to seek an

other location. I therefore beg leave to inform

any friends and customers that I have reestab-

lished my business in Bardin's building

on the corner of Fourth and Fifth Streets.

My stock

